AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1.-34. Previously canceled.
- 35. (Currently Amended) A method for the prevention and/or treatment of disorders connected with intestinal development, cancerous processes, inflammatory and apoptosic processes of the intestine and its associated structures, disorders connected with cholesterol synthesis, disorders due to the hydrophobic nature of the surfaces of the gastrointestinal tract, allergic disorders of the gastro-intestinal tract, disorders relating to digestive processes, acute inflammatory intestinal diseases, polyposis, in particular familial polyposis, infections with *Helicobacter pylori*, disorders of neonatal growth, disorders connected with intestinal homeostasis and diseases of the central and peripheral nervous systems, said method comprising orally or parenterally administering to a subject in need of same a composition comprising a prophylactic or therapeutic amount of alkaline sphingomyelinase, wherein said alkaline sphingomyelinase is of bacterial origin, and said bacteria is *Lactobacillus brevis* CD2 strain Accession No. DSM 11.988 is used.
- 36. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 35, wherein the composition is administered to a child in the form of as a pediatric dietary supplement.
- 37. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 35, wherein the composition is administered, in combination with artificial milk, condensed milk, soybean milk, powdered milk, partially humanized milk or a baby food.

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- 38. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 35, wherein the alkaline sphingomyelinase is of bacterial origin, and the and additional bacteria containing the alkaline sphingomyelinase are administered and are selected from non-pathogenic Grampositive bacteria, Gram-negative bacteria and lactic acid bacteria, or from mixtures thereof.
- 39. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 38, wherein the lactic acid bacteria are selected from the group comprising Lactobacillus acidophilus, Lactobacillus brevis, Lactobacillus buchneri, Lactobacillus casei, Lactobacillus catenaforme, Lactobacillus cellobiosus, Lactobacillus crispatus, Lactobacillus curvatus, Lactobacillus delbrueckii, Lactobacillus fermentum, Lactobacillus jensenii, Lactobacillus leichmannii, Lactobacillus minutus, Lactobacillus plantarum, Lactobacillus rogosae, Lactobacillus salivarius, Bifidobacterium adolescentis, Bifidobacterium angulatum, Bifidobacterium breve, Bifidobacterium catenulatum, Bifidobacterium dentium, Bifidobacterium eriksonii, Bifidobacterium infantis, Bifidobacterium longum, Bifidobacterium plantarum, Bifidobacterium pseudocatenulatum, Bifidobacterium pseudolongum, Streptococcus lactis, Streptococcus raffinolactis and Streptococcus thermophilus.
 - 40. Canceled.
- 41. (Currently Amended) The method according to Claim 38, wherein the lactic acid bacteria are used in the composition as live, lyophilized, or sonicated bacteria or enzymatically active extracts.

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- 42. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 38, wherein from 1 x 10^2 to 1 x 10^{13} CFUs of lactic acid bacteria are used per gram of composition.
- 43. (Previously Presented) The method according to Claim 39, wherein 200×10^9 Streptococcus thermophilus, 150×10^9 Bifidobacteria and 4×10^9 Lactobacillus acidophilus are used per gram of composition.